

Oxford Democrat.

NO. 41, VOLUME 8, NEW SERIES.

PARIS, MAINE, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1849.

OLD SERIES, NO. 49, VOLUME 17.

OXFORD DEMOCRAT.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, BY

G. W. CURTIS,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS: ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS.

Book and Job Printing

PROMPTLY AND SEVERELY FACILITATED.

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The young merchant had scarcely recovered

from the astonishment into which this unexpected

address had thrown him, when the lady,

as if by magic, resumed her seat. "Surely,"

she said, "my dear friend, I am not the only

person who has been deceived by the

appearance of this young man. He is

not the same person who was with you

last night. He is a different person.

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hereafter—such things have happened ere now

and as his daughter's happiness is as dear to

me as it can possibly be to you, it is but natural

that I should take proper precautions for her

future. In the event of any such contingency,

you will not blame me, therefore, if, in addition

to the fifteen purses above mentioned, I require

that five more be paid down previous to the

marriage, to be forfeited in case of divorce."

"Call them ten," said the merchant. The

Countess, or my cheeks, said the merchant. The

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merchant, on perceiving his sarcasms, thus

triumphantly confuted by one of the very

arguments which they were levelled; it was not

unusual, however, with satisfaction at discover-

ing the willing nature of the ground of offence,

from which she was led to argue that the

offence itself could not be very deeply rooted; a

complete triumph was further confirmed, as his

eyes reverted to the beautiful countenance

which was regarding him with a look of arch

triumph. "Fair lady," said he, "if recantation

of the false doctrine which has been so distaste-

ful to you be of any avail, I hereby renounce

it with all my heart, as you have given me good

reason to do so; my only hope is, that as you have

been the instrument of my conversion, you will

have pity on the penitent, and contribute your

aid to deliver me from the evil which I have

justly incurred by my presumption."

"It is well," said the young lady; "promise

only to reverse your inscription, and I engage

to extricate you from all your perplexities."

The merchant immediately called to him one

of his slaves, and giving him a written tablet and

a piece of gold, (G), said he, "to Yacoub El

Nasir, the writer, who lives near the Syrian

gate, and say that I desire him to trace for me,

in his best style, and largest characters, of blue

and gold, the inscription herein contained."

Within an hour from the slave's departure,

the obnoxious sentence had disappeared, and

the following, brilliantly inscribed and richly or-

namently, was occupying its place—

"THERE IS NO GOD BUT GOD, AND MUHAMMAD

IS HIS MESSENGER."

On the following morning, as the Count and

his son-in-law were seated at table in the apart-

ments of the former, their attention was arrested

by an unusual noise in the street below. On

descending to the hall to investigate the cause

of the disturbance, they found that it proceeded

from a noisy and tumultuous assemblage which

had collected itself before the gates of the

magistrate's house, with what intentions it was

difficult to ascertain. In one part was a man

exhibiting the feat of a dancing bear; in another,

a boy leading a monkey by a string; while a

third worthy superintended the motions of a

host of the wooden puppets. There was a chorus

of street musicians, and a band of fire-drivers

strutting there; a party of dancing girls, throwing

their limbs in all conceivable and inconceivable

flexibilities; a band of minstrels, with their

various instruments, and a variety of other

entertainments, all mingled together in one

boisterous mass, rending the air with acclama-

tions and vociferations at intervals the name of

Obaidullah, with the unpermitted title of cousin.

On the appearance of the young merchant and

his father-in-law at the gate of the hall, the

multitude resolved itself into a kind of irregular

charge, and headed by a grizzled veteran

in a black robe, and a turban of blue

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THE ELECTION OF GEN. CASS TO THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Is a source of pride of satisfaction to the democracy of the whole country. Although defeated in the canvass for the Presidency, this mark of honor shows that the democracy of his own State have not lost confidence in his splendid abilities and irreproachable integrity, and that they desire to be represented by one who has exerted himself so successfully to preserve the honor and integrity of his country. His influence will be felt in the councils of the nation on that question which threatens to array the South against the North, and like a true patriot, he will plant himself upon the Constitution, and endeavor to carry out the spirit of concession and compromise in which that instrument was framed.

We copy the following from the Detroit Free Press:

Gen. Cass Elected Senator. It will be seen by the despatch under our telegraphic head that the legislature went into the election of United States Senator on Saturday last, and their action resulted in the choice of Gen. Cass. We have time now only to congratulate the democracy of the State on this result, for we know they will hail the election of the legislature with warm and decided approbation. In the expressive and comprehensive language of the Birmingham meeting, "a brave ninety nine of every one hundred good and true democracy of this State are in favor of retaining Gen. Cass to the Senate of the United States. He was elected to that office by the unanimous voice; he filled the office with distinguished ability at a most trying period of our public affairs; he was invited by more than two thirds of the delegates from all the States to accept the nomination for the presidency; his election was defeated by an unholy combination from his own party; he received a large majority vote in all the northwestern States—larger in his own State, by far, than ever previously cast; his democracy is sound; his views are enlarged and conciliatory, comprehending to interests of the whole Union, and eminently fitting him for the Senate of the United States at the present exciting juncture; and it is due him, due to the democracy of the north-west, due to our own respect, that we return him at once to that office."

We will only add now, that although the democracy of the legislature who supported Gen. Cass, made him a candidate without his agency, and even against his consent, they deserve the thanks of the democracy of the State for the able, honorable, and successful manner in which they have accomplished the wishes of the people in his election.

GENERAL TAYLOR'S CABINET, &c.

As the public insist on being amused with rumors, we take a part of the Philadelphia Ledger's Washington letter of Feb. 1:

"A strong effort is now making to procure for Mr. Evans, after all, the secretaryship of the treasury. Mr. Abbott Lawrence has already declared in favor of a very moderate tariff, and Mr. Evans has done the same to render himself eligible. Gen. Taylor is known to be in favor of moderate duties, and this fact suffices to make him the champion of high protective tariffs, upon the grounds of the altar of patriotism. It is also understood that though Massachusetts has five men capable of filling cabinet offices, viz: Webster, Winthrop, Everett, Davis and Choate, all will waive their claims in favor of Mr. Evans, of democratic Maine."

The latest news from Europe brings intelligence of the Roman Chambers having passed a decree for Constituent Assembly of 200 members to be elected by ballot.

We see it stated that a young man was recently bitten by a mad calf in one of the country towns of Massachusetts. He is now in Boston under medical treatment.

CURING A BROKEN HEART.

A maiden lady aged 65, received a verdict in her favor recently at Detroit, and was awarded \$10 damages, against a false hearted swain aged 35, who proved recalcitrant to his marriage contract.

A BIT OF ROMANCE.

A girl employed in the Mercantile Mills, at Lowell, left her boarding house at two weeks since, saying that she was going to spend some months with her parents in Peterboro', N. H. About a week afterwards it was discovered that she was in this city dressed in male attire, making preparations to leave for California. She was found by her parents, after much search, on board a California vessel, with her hair cut and dressed in a monkey jacket and large pants, which gave her the appearance of a spruce young man. She had drawn \$200 from the savings bank, put up purchased tickets and other necessaries, and would soon have been on the rolling deep, had not a girl who was in the confidence of the heroine informed a relative of her intentions. She was very reluctant to give up the adventure, but finally consented to do so, and returned with her parents to Peterboro'. This story we found in the Signal; it is not a very incredible one, though such heroines are rather scarce.

BRUNOS AVENUE, Nov. 13.

At present there is considerable business done as you will infer from the Marine List in the British Packet. The political aspect of affairs is uncertain. Though we have a free port and peace now, we may soon be involved in war and shut up by another blockade. The English minister has been here for some time, but has not been accredited by this government, and it is supposed will not be. He has, however, asked to remain in the country, and permission has been granted. The consul from the same government previously sent out was also refused. This government feels that the grievances inflicted by the English must be redressed by them before it can accredit their officials. Now England will not see under these circumstances is yet unknown, hence the uncertainty of political affairs. France, it seems, has determined to maintain the quarrel of Montevideo."

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

The U. S. Senate have appointed Messrs. Clayton, of Delaware, Davis, of Massachusetts, and Davis of Mississippi, a committee to supervise the proceedings of counting the votes of the Presidential Electors, on the 14th of February, when the result will be declared.

TRAMWAY.

A Western Editor says, that no man who has paid regularly for his newspaper, was ever known to be bitten by a mad dog. This story may serve to arouse his delinquent subscribers to a sense of their duty.

OFFICE LIGHTING.

A Washington letter relates that a stranger from down east, who is hardly probably "approached one of the police of the capitol, whose salary is over a thousand dollars, and made of him special inquiry as to his duties and the compensation. The policeman, wishing to conceal nothing, gave him the particulars. The inquisitive Yankee made a memorandum, and, folding the paper carefully, put it into his pocket-book. Turning to his friend, he said "I guess that place will suit me," and with a smile made his way to the gallery of the house."

SCANDALOUS.

On taking the vote, the other day, to fill the vacancy in the Harvard University Board of Overseers, caused by the death of J. Q. Adams, Edward Everett received 55 votes, and Abbott Lawrence only five. Short partially, as every body knows that Mr. Lawrence is a greater scholar than Mr. Everett. His books would sell for much the most.

GOLD DIGGING.

A gentleman who has been on the ground for two months, writes his friends in Bangor, as follows:—A day's work ranges from nothing up to a thousand dollars—but of those who labor steadily the average daily income is probably not far from an ounce. When a new ravine is discovered in what are called the "dry diggings," there is an immediate rush for it, and it becomes filled with active diggers, each claiming a portion, from a few feet to a few yards in length; and a ditch is soon dug two or three feet or more in width, and down to the rock on which the stratum of drift rests. This ditch is excavated in a few days, and if the ravine is of ordinary richness will yield from \$500, \$1,000 or \$5,000 for every rod in length—much of it in lumps large enough to be picked out without washing; some of them of the size of pullets eggs, or larger.

THE NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN METHODISTS.

The committee appointed by the last Methodist Episcopal General Conference, at Pittsburgh, to consider the application of the Southern section of the Church for a division of the Church property, have rejected the application according to the advice of eminent legal council. The Southern church will now bring suit in the United States Courts.

MR. CALHOUN'S REPORT.

In reference to this document, the Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce says:—It is not so generally read, nor so much talked of as was expected. The statements are deemed exaggerated, and intended to produce alarm. The southern men generally are of the opinion that the report will produce little excitement at the south."

REMARKABLE FACT IN NATURAL HISTORY.

The following account of a cross breed between a stag and a mare, we find in a late London paper:—A hybrid filly, seven months old, was found a short time since in the New Forest, and is evidently of a mixed breed, between the horse and the deer. Her dam, a pony mare, was observed to associate with some red deer stags, in the New Forest, for some months, and at last this foal was seen by her side. The mare alone a proximity both to the stag and horse; her forehead is round like that of the deer; legs slender and distinctly doer's hoofs pointed, and partly doer's; color brown, lighter under the belly, and tail like a deer. This extraordinary animal is the property of T. G. Atwater, Esq., of Atwater, at the village of Dordrecht, three miles from Salisbury. Dr. Fowler, of that city, has inspected the hybrid, and is quite satisfied of the correctness of his preceding statement; and Colonel Buckley, a keeper of the New Forest, has likewise seen the animal, and is of a similar opinion.

THE KENNEBEC JOURNAL HAS A STORY OF CAPT. CLOUGH OF MONMOUTH.

Clough of Monmouth, that he has left the whaling business and gone to California, gold hunting—that he has gold enough and is coming home. We are informed that it is not so. When last heard from by his father, Mr. A. A. Clough of Monmouth, he was in command of his ship in the Indian Ocean—with oil enough, probably, instead of gold.

REPTILES.

Mr. Carson, the guide of Fremont in all his expeditions, and the hero of many a marvelous exploit in the California war, has been chosen to conduct a company to the Gold Region, from Independence, Mo. His caravan will leave in April.

THE PORTLAND ADVERTISER STATES THAT A COMPANY IS FORMING IN THAT CITY TO JOIN THE CARAVAN.

WEATHER IN JANUARY.

The average temperature of the month of January, in Portland, as it appears by the report of Mr. Moody, a few days since, was 17 degrees, 2-1/2 degrees colder than the average of January for the last thirty years. In Philadelphia, the temperature of the month was one degree warmer than the average for fifty years.

A CRIMINAL DOCUMENT.

The Washington correspondent of the Evening Post says, that Mr. Dix, in searching among the government archives, has found the original draft of the ordinance of 1784, presented to congress, and acted upon in the month of April in that year. The committee reported the ordinance consisted of Messrs. Jefferson, including the famous clause against slavery or voluntary servitude, which was struck out by that congress, and afterwards incorporated by Mr. Dix, in his draft of the ordinance of 1787, and adopted by congress. The paper is deposited in the state department, along with other records of the proceedings of the old congress.

A SINGULAR CASE HAS OCCURRED AT BANGOR.

A young man named Luther House, 20 years of age, imposed himself upon the family of James House, Esq., of Corinna, by claiming to be a long lost son, and in that character obtained money and goods to the amount of \$100. He was last suspected, and was arrested for obtaining goods under false pretenses, tried, and found guilty. He remained in the house of Mr. House 5 months, and firmly believed him to be his son.

THE NEW WATER WORKS IN BOSTON WILL COST \$800,000.

The water is introduced at the charge of the city, the first wall of each dwelling-house, valued at \$5,000, for \$25, per annum; an additional charge of \$1,00 being made for every \$1,000 of the valuation.

THE FUNNIEST ARTICLE, YET, IS A PATENT FOR SHIRT, WITH PERCUSSION COLLARS.

It never wears out, and by touching a spring, a new collar pops up, until a ballcock is exhausted. A patent sheet from neckcloth accompanies it.

ENGLISH CHILDREN.

Mrs. Kirkland, in some notes of travel in England thus speaks of the physical management of children in that country:

"Pretty children one sees in abundance everywhere—and so nicely kept! It seems to us that nobody knows so well how to take care for the physique of children as the English. They feed them with the simplest possible food, and are astonished when they hear that our young folks share the rich, highly-seasoned dishes of their parents. Oatmeal porridge is considered a suitable breakfast for infant royalty; itself, and a simple dinner at one o'clock, the proper thing for children whose parents dine sumptuously at seven.

Exercise is considered one of the necessities of life, and a daily walk or ride (not drive) in the fresh air, the proper form for it. It might be superfluous to notice any thing so obvious; if it were not that so many people in good circumstances with us, neglect this, and keep their children immured in nurseries, cooped up in school-rooms, with no thought of exercise in the open air as simply requisite. We wish nothing so much for these benighted parents, as that they should become acquainted with the habits and principles of a well ordered English nursery. Are we and we know of no people so well able to be our instructors as the English, who have certainly brought the nursery system to great perfection, both as respects the comfort and advantage of the parents and children."

WIVES IN DEMAND.

The "wife market" appears to be exceedingly brisk in Australia. "The commodity" is in great demand, transactions are peremptory, and no bargains made "on time." The following is from the Port Phillip Patriot:—

No Time Lost.—No less than eight of the female immigrants by the Villager, Stewart was respectively and well married before they had been ashore forty-eight hours, and there is but little doubt but that every one of them would have been equally well provided for had they so desired. One of these ladies to whom the question was popped, said she'd "wait awhile," as she was not sure "who she'd marry yet."

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY FEB. 6.

The anti-slavery bill, the naval appropriation bill of committee, 71 to 63. This reform is treacherously lost, as far as this bill is concerned.

The committee of ways and means to day, without a dissenting voice, agreed to report Gen. McKay's straight mileage bill, with some unimportant amendments.—N. Y. Tribune.

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BRIGHTON MARKET.

(Reported for the Boston Journal.) THURSDAY, FEB. 3.

At market during the week 525 Beef Cattle, 4600 Sheep, and 400 Swine.

Pork—A few extra at \$7—first quality \$8 to 9—second quality \$6 to 7—third quality \$5.

Sheep—Sales northern at \$1 3/4 to 2 1/2—Western at \$1 1/2 to 2 1/4, and 5 1/2 1/4 per head, as in quality.

Swine—But few sales made, and those at retail 6 c. for Sows and 5 c. for Barrows.

DEATHS.

In this town, Thursday last, Mrs. Martha, wife of Mr. Nathan Walker, aged 27.

In Denmark, Ruth M., Phoebe, sister of the late Thomas Pargess, aged 78.

In Fryeburg, 2nd inst., Dr. John S. Barrows, 24.

Sheriff's Sale.

Oxford, ss.—Feb. 7, 1849.

TAKEN ON Execution and will be sold at public Vendue to the highest bidder, at the inn of William Childs, in Livermore in said County, on Saturday, the seventh day of March next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, all the right in equity of redemption that

DANIEL W. LUDDEN had the 21st day of February, 1848, and also all the right in equity of redemption that he had in the buildings thereon where Samuel Hobbs now lives at Breittin's Mills in Livermore, aforesaid. The same premises being under mortgage to Lewis G. Swift, to pay three notes of hand, one for \$50 in one year from Aug. 7, 1844, one for \$100 in two years from said date, and one for \$100 in three years from said date, all on interest money. Recorded Book 70, Page 264, in the Oxford Registry. Reference being made to said deed for a more particular description of the premises.

L. B. PUMPHREY, Deft. Sheriff.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the undersigned Joann Bradbury of Maine in the County of Cumberland and State of Maine, do hereby declare that she is the owner of the premises, being a lot of land, situated in the County of Oxford, being part of lot numbered thirty-five in said town of Norway, being the same premises conveyed to me by Calvin L. Herring and Angelina Herring, of said Norway, on the twentieth day of August, A. D. 1848, as will appear by the record of the deed aforesaid, and to which record reference may be had for a more particular description of the premises. Now, I, the undersigned, for the reason that the condition of said mortgage has been broken, claim to foreclose the mortgage aforesaid, and this public notice is given for the purpose of foreclosing the same according to the provisions of the Statute in that case made and provided.

JOANNA BRADBURY, March ss. 3d

Notice.

THE Directors of the Maine Mutual Fire Insurance Company have made another assessment, which is the 15th. Members of said Company are hereby requested to pay in the amount of their several bills, at the Office in Gorham, or to some Agent authorized by me to receive the same, on or before the first day of March next.

J. WATERMAN, Treas'r & Co. Gorham, Feb. 3, 1849.

Notice.

THIS is to notify the public that I have given my son

WILLIAM PARLIN, a minor, his name, and that I shall not claim any of his wages, or earnings, or pay any debts of his contracting after this date.

ROBINSON PARLIN, Paris, Feb. 6th, 1849.

WM. M. CUSHMAN,

DEALER IN Watches, Jewelry & Fancy Goods.

41 NORWAY VILLAGE, ME.

Real Estate for Sale.

THE subscriber, having been duly authorized by the Judge of Probate within and for the County of Oxford, offers for sale the Real Estate of WILLIAM BRADLEY, late of Greenwood in said County, deceased.

The property lies in the Eastern part of said town of Norway, on Norway's Hill, and is bounded on the South by Paris line, North by land owned by Charles Young, Jr., West by road leading through the Young's Orchard, so called, containing about thirty acres, with the buildings thereon, consisting of a House, Barn, and Woodshed. The land consists of tillage, mowing, and pasture.

A very desirable opportunity is here offered for sale investment, as the property must be sold. It is situated on the main road, and is well adapted for a farm, and is well fenced with stone wall.

For further particulars, apply to the undersigned, or to the Clerk of the Court of Probate, in said County.

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FRANCIS BLAKE,

FARMERS HEAD QUARTERS, Harrison, Me.

OFFERS FOR SALE.

2000 Bushels TURKIS ISLAND SALT, GADIZ do.

325 Bbls. T. WYMAN FLOUR, do.

40 Hds. MOLASSES—a prime article, do.

20 Boxes HAVANA BROWN SUGAR, do.

18 Bags COFFEE, do.

20 Chests TEA, do.

10 Bbls. MACKEREL, do.

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